LARGEST Morning Circulation IN THE WEST.

The Chicago Tribune.

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VOLUME XLVI. THURSDAY, JUNE 28, 1900—TEN PAGES. PRICE THREE CENTS.

DRIVEN OUT OF FRANCE.

ONE PRINCE NOW IN THE HOUSE OF THE GOVERNOR.

That Follows Around Over the Republican Sentiment Among the Anti-Republicans—A Fraction of Arnaite Mobs—Fears of the Royalists—What the Newspapers Think—Lesseps Sentenced—Something About the Panama Scandal.

PARIS, June 27.—The Government has issued a decree expelling the French Princes from the country. A number of the Royalist Deputies have gone to the Chateau of Eu to confer with the Count of Paris. Most of the Royalist Senators and Deputies intend to attend the departure of the Count of Paris from France.

Prince Victor and fifteen of his most prominent adherents, including the Marquis de Vogue and Baron Haussmann, started today for Brussels. The train bearing the party left the palace amid cries of "Vive l'Empereur!" "A bas Loubet!" and shouts of "Vive la Reine!" There was some hissing. Several persons were arrested. The Count of Paris, his son, and wife, will arrive at Tunbridge Wells, England, Friday and take up their residence there. The Count will seek a sanitarium offering special facilities for isolation and suffering the greatest privacy.

The police have been ordered to avoid all persons who make even distant demonstrations from in Paris as objecting to the sentence of the deputies of the royalist Princes.

Count Tornielle, the Count's ambassador to the German Court, has request to accept service under the police or to surrender to undergo the French Prisons.

It is believed that M. Waldeck-Rousseau, French Ambassador to the Court of St. James, will resign in consequence of the sentence of the Princes. His resignation is considered a certainty at present.

The Court and Chamber of Paris and Versailles, Prince Louis Philippe, after reading their decree tomorrow, will conduct it to the Court to their sentence. The Court's sentence will be issued Friday.

The Socialist press denounces the passage of the decision till the formation of the Ministry of the opposite. The moderate Republican papers generally criticise the decision as unjust. The Opportunist press says the Government is charged with the responsibility and refuses and demand a more energetic policy.

Premier Waldeck-Rousseau for Country this evening. He was accompanied by a number of members the cabinet ministers, where a most successful of people had assembled. His reception, however, was unfavorable.

Prince Victor, on a reception before starting for Brussels, said:

"I do not expect a fair product from me. I am not committing a crime. I went to Paris to see my father. I should. A representative of the Republic, as the Government, I am not here with authority capable of all citizens, and expect for self enemy. I do not see that Republic will take any steps. I do not see that Republic will take any steps. I do not see that Republic will take any steps

SCOTT WIKE LAID OUT.

THE TOUGH INDORSE HORSE FOUR SERVED BY G. A. R. ENEMIES.

The Result Attained by a Combination of Greenback and Democratic Leaders with Adams, After Four Very Heated Ballots and Much Uproar—Byron Pennypacker Declines to Withdraw from the Seventh District Race—Governors Among Illinois Republicans—Politics in Other States.

HARRISBURG, Ill., June 23.—[Special.]—The Congressional Convention today nominated in the personnel of George A. Anderson of Adams County on the third ballot. The result was achieved by a combination of Greenback and Democratic leaders with Adams, the issue from the former and Wike from the latter, to secure him a majority over Adam Snyder, of Alton, who had been brought forward as the regular candidate of the Republican party. The result was not attained without a struggle. There were rumors early in the morning that a break in the Anderson ranks was imminent, but the forenoon was passed away in preparation, and caucuses and adjournments were taken, and the convention had to assemble after a hearty dinner before the great nature of the situation was sufficient to get them to come to a conclusion. The fifth ballot was being taken when Samuel P. Green County made a speech urging the efforts of the delegates to accomplish union, and failing in that they were looking for another who would lead the young Democracy to victory, and he announced that the Greene County men, with one exception, had decided to go to Anderson's support, giving the vote for Anderson and one for Wike. Independent Democrats who favored Anderson, the Judson men manifesting their great joy at the situation. Every County but three, for the Chairman of the delegation was requested, and made a speech stating with the announcement of the vote of Hardin County for Anderson. The Hon. J. W. Johnson of Pike, in the midst of confusion, asked that the delegation from Hardin be passed. J. J. McCracken said an member of the delegation from Hardin County had asked for a poll of the delegation. John Bryan jumped to his feet and swore to the act. Mr. Johnson still said Hardin was not a delegate, but that his vote was cast. The request was granted.

As the vote then came it was a perfect tie vote. Twenty of the delegates were on their feet, Anderson had by the formal announcement secured twenty votes, Johnson stepped across the hall to the Egan delegation and talked with them, and friends and Johnson men were noticed passing between the rooms. The polling of Hardin County was commenced, and cannot of course vote for Anderson to keep control of the Hardin delegation. Egan said, "I vote." The excitement was increased as the vote proceeded, and the day drew to a close, and there was other business upon the vote was formally announced. Anderson, 21; Wike, 21; Egan, 1; Carter, 1.

As the vote came last there certainly existed some doubt as to many votes. Johnson's vote was cast for Wike, and there was other doubt as to the regularity of Anderson's vote. It was not brought about, however, without a struggle. There were rumors early in the morning that a break in the Anderson ranks was imminent, but the forenoon was passed away in preparation, and caucuses and adjournments were taken, and the convention had to assemble after a hearty dinner before the great nature of the situation was sufficient to get them to come to a conclusion. The fifth ballot was being taken when Samuel P. Green County made a speech urging the efforts of the delegates to accomplish union, and failing in that they were looking for another who would lead the young Democracy to victory, and he announced that the Greene County men, with one exception, had decided to go to Anderson's support, giving the vote for Anderson and one for Wike. Independent Democrats who favored Anderson, the Judson men manifesting their great joy at the situation. Every County but three, for the Chairman of the delegation was requested, and made a speech stating with the announcement of the vote of Hardin County for Anderson. The Hon. J. W. Johnson of Pike, in the midst of confusion, asked that the delegation from Hardin be passed. J. J. McCracken said an member of the delegation from Hardin County had asked for a poll of the delegation. John Bryan jumped to his feet and swore to the act. Mr. Johnson still said Hardin was not a delegate, but that his vote was cast. The request was granted.

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As the vote came last there certainly existed some doubt as to many votes. They were Wike, and the Wike ballot was announced as the one previously taken. Every man knew that the Greene County vote was cast for Anderson, and that the Hardin County vote was cast for Wike, which made it a tie. Johnson got the customary Democratic question after he rose to put the last question to the delegation, to see if the Hardin County vote was cast for Wike or Anderson.

BREAKING UP SCHOOL.

CONCLUSION OF THE MAYO GRADUATING EXERCISES.

Educational Institutions of the Different Parts Still Sending Forth Their Army of Charges, Weighted with Much Learning, Wrapped with Much Conceit—Say well, It Is to Be Hoped, a Commencing Amount of Wisdom—An Era of College Music, Oratory, and Mortarboard.

Rockford, Ill., June 23.—[Special.]—The commencement exercises of Rockford Female Seminary were held here to-day, running out the week commencing June 13 in the history of the institution. The attendance has been so large that the building would scarcely accommodate all the applicants for admission. Several years ago the grade of the institution was raised to a par with the leading colleges of the country, and the present commencement was made memorable by the graduation of a class of eighty-seven ladies, five of whom took the full degree of A.B. The commencement exercises and program were as follows:

Processional—Miss Ida Williams, (2) Valedictory—Miss Ida Williams, Rockford, Ill.; Miss Lucy Lowry, Rockford, Ill.; Miss Ella Bowen, Rockford, Ill.; Miss Mary Lowry, Rockford, Ill.; Miss Mary

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

PORTAGE.

ADDRESSES THUS.

THURSDAY, JUNE 24, 1896.

"THE TRIBUNE" FOR THE SUMMER.

Persons leaving the city for the summer can have THE TRIBUNE forwarded to various summer resorts by any address at the rate of 50c for three months, or 25 cents per month. Sunday edition included. Subscribers leaving the city can also have THE TRIBUNE sent to their address—at postage prepaid. The address may be changed as often as desired. In directing a change each direction to which it has been sent should be given as well as the new address.

MR. GLADSTONE will spend Monday in Liverpool.

PRINCE H. C., celebrated the 100th anniversary of his settlement yesterday.

THE HOUSE filibustered till 2 o'clock yesterday on the proposed change of rules.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND sent in seven boxes of private pension bills to the Senate yesterday.

A BILL passed the Senate yesterday amending the laws relating to the inspection of Texas vessels.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S horse-guiders will be in the Bristol Cemetery, on the Stapleton, opposite Constantinople.

THREE DOZEN persons were poisoned by eating strawberries and cream at a church festival in Painesville, O., S.

THE SENATE PACIFICS Committee has recommended the rejection of Clinton Rogers as Postmaster at De Kalb, Ill.

SENATOR LODGE'S friends in Washington claim that he is far in the lead for the Chicago District-Attorneyship.

A VOTE will be taken in the Senate at 2 p. m. today on the bill to repeal the Foraker and Tucker-Cotton laws.

THE POPE has sent the decoration of the Golden Rose to Queen-Regent Christina of Spain, accompanied by an autograph letter.

THIRTY-FIVE or more people were drowned by the upsetting of a ferryboat while crossing the Sarawa River, in Dalmatia.

JUDGE HORACE MATTHEWS of the Ohio Supreme Court was yesterday married in New York to Mrs. Mary E. Thacker of Cleveland, O.

IN the Democratic Congressional Convention in the Twelfth Illinois District, George A. Anderson of Adams County was nominated on the fifth ballot.

M. E. AND H. T. POPPER have sold to John P. Neal a tract of land on Lumber street, 200 feet south of Twelfth, west front, 100 feet in size, for $37,000.

COMMISSIONER BLOCK of Indiana has written to the Democratic committee stating that he is the regular party nominee and means to ward off the track. He is very anxious on the Bailey faction.

ON Page 12 is printed the returns made to the South Town Assessor by the officers of the various National banks of stockholders in the various institutions, with the amount of stock held by each.

THE Senate yesterday voted to reconsider the vote by which it had passed the bill prohibiting Congressmen from acting as attorneys for land-grant railroads, and the measure was then referred to the Judiciary Committee.

IT would be difficult to name an important industry which exhibits a more rapid growth in the recent past than the manufacture of rubber. It is now very nearly five times as great in the United States as it was sixteen years ago. In 1879 our imports of rubber were only 6,150,000 pounds, while last year they aggregated 30,071,000 pounds. And we lead the world in the consumption of rubber goods, taking about 70 per cent of all that is produced on the face of the globe. There are about thirty rubber factories in the United States, one of them being in Chicago.

TURKEY'S action by representative opinion on the subject of freight rates from Western points to the East is a long-delayed recognition of justice. It is none the less welcome. Attention has owing times been called to these colonies to the fact that the rates from other points eastward were at times strongly discriminative against Chicago. The railroad officials seem to have at last awakened up to a perception of this truth, and taken a step towards a cure of the evil. It is promptly to be hoped that the recommendations for changes in the tariff schedule, which has heretofore placed Chicago at a disadvantage as compared with St. Louis and Peoria, will be adopted by the managers.

THE Chicago money market was steady, with a slight increase in the supplies for loans. The investment demand for local securities showed a little improvement. New York exchange and sterling bills were firm. Quiet error was strong on stock, with buying for the West.—The Chicago market for grain during was active and firmer, with wheat the center with considerable excitement, and

the rest dull. As compared with Tuesday pork products closed 12½ cents higher, wheat ½ cent lower, corn, oats, and barley steady, rain and thunderstorms fire.

A CHINESE paper says that the delegation sent to China to work up railway development in the interests of German capitalists and manufacturers have reported in effect that there is no chance for railway construction in China on a scale which would be made profitable for European enterprise until the Emperor attains his majority, which will not be until the close of 1897.

ANY BASEBALL IN THIS TRACTION.

In the antagonism shown between Gen. Daniel and Bill Morrison each of the disputants accused the other of treachery and treason toward the Democratic tariff plank of 1892. "Change plans," said the crazy King Lear; "change plans and hasty-bakery which is the Justice and which the thief?" So after two years' study of the declarations made in the party platform the leading Democrats in Congress cannot agree as to the proper interpretation, and Gen. Daniel seeks to charge plans with Morrison and put the latter in the stocks as the renegade from Democratic principles! What, then, did the gentlemen mean to convince us of? Which is the backslider, Gen. Daniel or Bill Morrison?

The Democratic revenue-reform plank of 1892 was a tobogganing makeshift, devised after great labor by a committee of protectionists and free-traders, and meant to be so loaf that it would be acceptable to both elements. Nevertheless it did unite one clear, explicit declaration, and according to Gen. Morrison (Daniel) must now be judged. The revision read:

> [A] taxation shall be limited to the necessary needs of economical government. That in the judicial construction of tariff laws the intent of the law-makers, as expressed in the statutes, must be carefully observed, and that all articles of foreign growth or production, when imported from the place of growth or production, should pay the same duties as are imposed on like articles when imported from any other place.

All taxation shall be limited to the necessary needs of economical government. That in the judicial construction of tariff laws the intent of the law-makers, as expressed in the statutes, must be carefully observed, and that all articles of foreign growth or production, when imported from the place of growth or production, should pay the same duties as are imposed on like articles when imported from any other place.

Now, this is clear enough, explicit and definite, and according to Gen. Morrison (Daniel) must now be judged. The resolution read:

> [A]

ANTI-CABLE SENTIMENT.

GERMANY ASSERTS PROPERTY-OWNERS STILL PROTEST.

Mr. Lewis Will Work for the Repeal of the Ordinance Granting Opposition to the Line of Trading the Tunnel for a Bridge—Much Doubt as to the Possibility of Trading the Ordinance—The Feeling Among the Aldermen.

Another meeting of owners of property on Clybourn avenue and Division street was held at No. 10 Clybourn avenue last evening to take further action with reference to the cable road and the [illegible] tunnel, to prevent the construction of the tunnel and the siting of the tracks in the North Chicago Street Railway Company, about [illegible] were present—all the [illegible] said.

All favored such an event for the cable company, because no one objected to it. The [illegible] property-owners on Clybourn avenue, Larrabee, Division, and Hampden streets were urged to [illegible] the cable road, because the streets were too narrow, for business [illegible] Monday night, to [illegible] the cable could be run across the bridges.

There were numerous [illegible] and it was stated that he had gone to Washington, [illegible] the matter with the Secretary of the Treasury. [illegible] to have it decided that the tunnel would not adapt the system. The tunnel was the way of the future, as the city's [illegible] the cable would be run across the bridges.

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The following committee was appointed to act at the aldermen and try to influence them to vote the tunnel, viz.: Messrs. Hubbard, Fowler, Lees, and Hamlin [illegible] Messrs. Wentworth, Thomas Smith, A. Stockell, Moses Stevens, John Smith, John Stevens, Peter Smith, John Stevenson, Miss Dickey, John Dickinson.

A committee of seven property-owners was appointed to wait upon Lyon Gates under the Harbor, Tunnel, Lake, and Bridge Committee [illegible] Messrs. Wentworth, Thomas Smith, A. Stockell, Moses Stevens, John Smith, John Stevenson, Peter Smith, John Stevenson, Miss Dickey, John Dickinson.

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Mr. Lewis stated to [illegible] that Judge Smith had told the cable attorneys that [illegible] for the reason that the Council [illegible] right to change the system, without the consent of the property-owners. [illegible] If they failed to obtain [illegible] they might get out of the matter.

Mr. Stockell wanted a special committee appointed to wait on Gates, and ask him why he was in favor of putting the cable on the tunnel. The meeting was against so hurrying him.

Mr. Smith spoke of the visit to the Council of the people of Clybourn avenue. [illegible] Mr. Lewis [illegible] that they were [illegible] He said there was the only [illegible] there. [illegible]

Mr. Sweeney, Mr. Stockell stated that he would have petitions [illegible] which would be circulated among the property-owners [illegible] for the purpose of enjoining the [illegible] from using a line in order to fight the company. In the [illegible] has been contributed.

A committee was appointed to wait on the people on Wells street, and get them to join in the movement.

Some one inquired if the cable ordinance could be repealed.

Mr. Sweeney stated that he had consulted the Corporation Counsel on that very point, and he had told him that it could be done. [illegible] Congress [illegible] which the city must be [illegible]

The gathering adjourned with cheers for Mr. Lewis. Another meeting will be held Saturday night at the same place. All the property-owners will attend the Council meeting Monday night.

The Feeling among the Aldermen—Doubts About the Passage of the Tunnel Ordinance.

An effort will be made Monday night to secure the ordinance granting the North Chicago Railway Company authority to adopt the cable system. The ordinance has been prepared, but it is claimed by some that that action is [illegible] even if the City would run in debt for the [illegible] it was said to [illegible] that the cable road could be [illegible] the tunnel ordinance, and if it [illegible] through, which seems doubtful now, the company will certainly have to pay a good [illegible] to the owners of vessels, [illegible] of the Aldermen who voted for the cable ordinance have now come to be favor of changing [illegible] tunnel. There are [illegible] and seven are to be favor of changing [illegible] tunnel. There are [illegible] and seven are to be favor of changing [illegible] tunnel. There are [illegible] and seven are

BUSINESS.

CHICAGO BASE-BALL PARK.

BASE-BALL.

Washington vs. Chicago.

CASINO.

SATURDAY, JUNE 26.

EXPOSITION BUILDING.

THEO. THOMAS

SUMMER-NIGHT CONCERTS.

McVICKER'S THEATER

Saints and Sinners!

HOOLEY'S THEATER

EVANGELINE.

CASINO.

SATURDAY, JUNE 26.

PEOPLE'S—Open now Garden.

A Brave Woman!

CHATTANOOGA.

MISSION RIDGE

COLUMBIA THEATER.

THE JAPANESE VILLAGE.

HARRIS & EYTINGE'S

New Star Theatre and Opera House.

SPRING FEVERS AND MALARIA

are caused by the foul foul in the stomach, to destroy which unite the only true and specific remedy, viz., SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.

These pills tonic on the BLOOD in order and MOTHERS, and cure

FEELS DUMPISH

and GET OUT OF SORTS.

There cannot, but must be created, by the use, LIVER the condition of the blood, SPONTANEOUS fermentation, rouse the heavily coated tongue, and get the head out of the fog through the foul-generating organs the liver and the bowels, by a week's judicious use of

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS

Dr. SCHENCK'S Book on Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, and their Complications, sent free. DR. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.

MISS PEEBLES & MISS THOMPSON'S

SCHOOL WILL REOPEN MONDAY, OCT. 4.

WILLISTON SEMINARY

Examinations for admission to the

CHICAGO MANUAL-TRAINING SCHOOL

Will be held on the school premises, corner of Franklin and Monroe sts., on Saturday, June 26, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m.

Master's Sales.

CASINO.

SATURDAY, JUNE 26.

SHIELD'S ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

THE MOST FAMOUS BATTLE OF THE REBELLION

SHILOH!

KOHL & MIDDLETON'S

CLOTHING.

CLOTHING.

CLOTHING.

LOST AND FOUND.

SITUATIONS—MALE.

SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

TO RENT—FLATS.

TO RENT—STORES, OFFICES, &c.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

TO EXCHANGE.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS.

PARTNERS WANTED.

MACHINERY.

SEWING MACHINES.

BOOKS.

MUSICAL.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PASSAGE RATES REDUCED.
Anchor Line.
GREAT WESTERN TO LONDON
AND CONTINENT.
North German Lloyd S. S. Co.
The U. S. and Brazil Mail SS. Co.
STATE LINE.
EUROPE! EUROPE!!
GUION STEAMERS.
FOR PARIS.
WESTERN.
EASTERN.

THE CITY.

IN GENERAL.

Postmaster Gest will leave for Lake Geneva Sunday, to be gone about four weeks.

Superintendent Harland has gone to Springfield to attend the meeting of the State Board of Education, of which he is President.

George Miller, 7 years old, whose parents live at No. 3041 Parnell street, fell into the lake while playing at the foot of Fremont street last night.

The commencement exercises of the South Division High School will be held in Trinity M. E. Church, Indiana avenue and Twenty-fourth street, this evening.

Several more delegations called on Mayor Harrison yesterday in the interest of School Inspector Warner, but it is still uncertain whether he will be reappointed.

Charles J. Dobschlaeb, the Assistant Cook who frightened Justice Charles J. Wade out of his senses, was convicted of robbery in Judge Rogers' court yesterday and his penalty was fixed by the jury at one year in the penitentiary.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Chandler, upstairs, Tribune building, was as follows: 6 a. m., 67°; 9 a. m., 81°; 12 m., 87°; 3 p. m., 89°; 6 p. m., 87°; 9 p. m., 87°; Maximum, 9 a. m., 90°; 3 p. m., 89°.

There have been received from Brentano Brothers copies of Ada's opening [illegible], Full and Bright, Moonshine, Pearls, A Modern Cinderella, A Independence Hour, Dr. Merrill's Valet, The Engineer, the Shattered Dove, and the Dragoon.

The draughtsmen in the City Engineer's office are at work on the profile of the Southwest bridge and viaduct to be built on Jackson street. It will take six months or more to prepare the plans. The specifications will be ready in the course of a few days, after which work will be done this year on other structures.

Many businessmen and firms are in the habit of soliciting orders by sending out cards with their business card written or printed on the address side. Postal cards do not answer as well as postal cards and will be returned to the sender. Anything written or printed on the address side of a postal card will subject the sender to a penalty of $10, and will necessitate a payment of 2 cents on each such card before delivery.

A short time ago the proprietor of the Alhambra, a resort on State street, was refused a license because disreputable women were allowed in the place. Subsequently he was permitted to open the saloon on condition that no women be allowed in the place. Yesterday he was arrested on a charge of violating the agreement, and the matter will be presented to the Liquor Court early next week. The bail will be raised as at the previous hearing.

At a meeting of the Builders and Grocers' Exchange last evening the following officers were elected: Fred Wiebe, President; Samuel Dean, Vice-President; Henry Lehmann, Recording Secretary; A. G. Cutler, Financial Secretary; and Alfred Hamilton, Treasurer. Four new members were elected, making a total of 60. The committee appointed to canvass the West Side reported that all of the firms but seven or eight, with the exception of George Smith, a grocer, on West Madison street, near Ashland, and A. G. Barnes & Co., on West Madison street, a commission firm, declined to have their agreements, but that, assuming the President of the Exchange, the general sense of the trade would then be forthcoming, and that everything would go on smoothly.

The last session of the Christian Workers' Convention was held yesterday at the Second Church, Rev. C. S. Lucas began by speaking on "Bible Work," &c. J. S. Sweet addressed the meeting on the work of the Chicago Avenue Church and the method of holding services. Miss Campbell of Brooklyn read a paper for the superintendent of a mission of seven, also representing tracts, for the purpose of using all means to reach every possible effort in evangelizing the masses. This convention will also arrange for a convention to be held next year.

At a meeting of Encore Post [illegible] of St. Louis [illegible] resolutions were adopted thanking the members of the Grand Army of the Republic for the generous and hospitality which they received the last Memorial Day. Resolutions were also adopted to hold a Soldiers' Reunion in Forest Park, St. Louis, in the month of September, 1887, and to invite the Grand Army of the Republic to participate. Gen. Sherman, Gen. Sheridan, Gen. Logan, Gen. Hancock, Gen. Fremont, Gen. Grant, Gen. Sickles, Gen. Pope, Gen. Terrell, Gen. Fairchild, Gen. Crook, Gen. Howard, Gen. Schofield, Gen. Custer, Gen. Gibbon, Gen. Merritt, Gen. Custer, Gen. Hancock, Gen. Sheridan, Gen. Logan, Gen. Sherman, Gen. Grant, Gen. Fremont

CLOTHES AND COOKERY.

SUPERIOR OF WOMAN'S DRESS AND SUBMISSION OF THE KITCHEN.

"Reformer" Understanding Not Eight—Male Waists Which Serve Both for Exercise and Show—Supporter—Substitution of Cotton Cloth for Hair—Removal Out of Clothes—Dressing Advertisements—A Corset Wedding in Boots.

Some Sense: It is a good sign of the times that many of the girls of toilet, the very young girls who are just coming to womanhood, have their minds turned to matters in the way of the proper use of undergoing to wear for the best comfort and comfort and grace. Since the question, especially the mothers of the present generation, have so lately aroused when they will give an perfectly untaught in regard to all important questions of dress, that there is little wonder that so many of them are helpless dolls, fools and tattoos their time with the fashion of many hands, and heavy skirts, and high gowns, and thin garments, with the result starting on the body to succeed and ultimately too little on the limbs to warm.

The making of clothes and dressmaker unfortunately was a good deal of a problem, but the dress-reform women, from Miss Phelps to Miss Bates, have solved it, and a woman may be very pretty in the clothing without being, and yet not be pretentious or unseemly. It is a mistake to suppose that "reformed" underclothing is ugly, for it is not. The French have learn it to, and their touch alone would of course, but they prove that the problem is from reform per into the garments that is natural. Some of the most recent cotton garments possible even not to the horse-goose of dust, or silk, or cotton, or of dress-fabrics of fabric and many of care and to the element of delicacy and fastidity in the body itself.

It is better to accomplish beautiful ends by beautiful means than by means. Thousands of women have lost all their health and have gone to their graves in the attempt to follow the mad freaks of fashion, and have made of themselves miserable wrecks, with a great deal of suffering to endure the most acute pain, and all because they would not be sensible and refuse to be martyrs to fashion. Some of the wise women of the world have refused to follow the fashion, and have gone to the other extreme, and have made of themselves frights, and have been laughed at and ridiculed, and have been called "strong-minded women," and all that, and have had to suffer for it. But they have had the strength to resist the fashion, and have been rewarded by the approval of their own consciences. So also have those women who have had the courage to dress in accordance with their own ideas of beauty and comfort

CHICAGO BANK STOCK.

WHO OWN THEM AND WHAT THEY ARE WORTH.

The Value Each Share of the Figures at Which It Is Quoted—Private Banks and Those National Banks Which Shall Subsequent to Dec. 1 Not Included in This List of the Cheapest Box of Chicago—The Shares Range in Market Value from $100 to $700.

The officers of the various National banks of the city have made returns of stockholders with the balance of stock held by each to the president of the South Town, Esq. Dr. Town has just completed as part of the work, and the amount at which the various banks are par value is as given below:

Bank.	Amount.
First National	$10,000
Continental National	10,000
Union National	10,000
National Bank of Illinois	10,000
Traders' National	10,000
Commercial National	10,000
Merchants' National	10,000
Metropolitan National	10,000
First & Lumber National	10,000
Drovers' National	10,000
Manufacturers' National	10,000

The following are list of the stockholders of the banks with the number of shares held by each and their market value:

[illegible]

IN THE DOMAIN OF SPORT.

THE CHAMPIONS ARE STILL ABLE TO WIN A GAME.

The Two Games on the National Circuit Between Philadelphia—Managers Mack Confident with Manager Spalding—New York and Boston Win Games—The Baltimore Show Contest—The Wolves Beaten Three Times—Foot Events—Other Notes.

The record of the ball grounds yesterday presented with the usual rank, those of both or Detroit the grounds conspicuous cases, and the local were covered with a record of shows as they appeared. The games were not decided in here very much, although the Wolverine Batting on effort to prevent the home going much at their pleasure, hitting the for a total of seventy bases, and but one was batting out. Carbons did so and that the game was due to four innings, and Spies was given a chance to show that he could do it the two. The Detroit's caught and [illegible] of them, but in the latter part of the game, when he gave three of the Quakers their bases on balls, he struck two of them out. The work of the two was exceedingly good, getting four hits in five times at bat.

The features of the game were a hit in the fifth inning by Farrell, which he captured in the second baseman, and Dalrymple's [illegible] of Conway's long fly in the second. Farrell's home run [illegible] to the left field fence, and Dunn's hard drive to the same place in the last half of the same inning.

Fuller distinguished himself in the last half of the fourth inning by a hit to the right garden, which was good for a home run, but Dunn's hit to Wood, who was sent to second to cut off Fuller, who was said to not stop [illegible] Wood threw home and by [illegible] Dunn out on a foul fly to Sullivan, and Joseph was given his base on balls. Fuller [illegible] the last inning after the assistant scorer, and every one began scrambling for the home plate. Dunn got the last and sent it to Farrell, who passed it to Sullivan just as Fuller was making the slide for the home plate. Sullivan [illegible] the ball and Fuller around, and the score stood as [illegible] the plate was won. The score:

[illegible]

Runs, Farrell, Dunn, Wood, Sullivan, Fuller, Joseph, Conway, Dalrymple, Carbons, Spies, Total.

Earned runs—Detroit, 2. Two-base hits—Farrell, Dunn, Wood, Sullivan, Fuller, Joseph, Conway, Dalrymple, Carbons, Spies, Total. Three-base hits—Farrell, Dunn, Wood, Sullivan, Fuller, Joseph, Conway, Dalrymple, Carbons, Spies, Total. Home runs—Farrell, Dunn, Wood, Sullivan, Fuller, Joseph, Conway, Dalrymple, Carbons, Spies, Total. Stolen bases—Farrell, Dunn, Wood, Sullivan, Fuller, Joseph, Conway, Dalrymple, Carbons, Spies, Total. Double plays—Farrell, Dunn, Wood, Sullivan, Fuller, Joseph, Conway, Dalrymple, Carbons, Spies, Total. Left on bases—Detroit, 7; Philadelphia, 6. First base on balls—Farrell, Dunn, Wood, Sullivan, Fuller, Joseph, Conway, Dalrymple, Carbons, Spies, Total. First base on errors—Detroit, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Hit by pitcher—Farrell, Dunn, Wood, Sullivan, Fuller, Joseph, Conway, Dalrymple, Carbons, Spies, Total. Struck out—Farrell, Dunn, Wood, Sullivan, Fuller, Joseph, Conway, Dalrymple, Carbons, Spies, Total. Passed balls—Farrell, Dunn, Wood, Sullivan, Fuller, Joseph, Conway, Dalrymple, Carbons, Spies, Total. Wild pitches—Farrell, Dunn, Wood, Sullivan, Fuller, Joseph, Conway, Dalrymple, Carbons, Spies, Total. Time of game—1:45. Umpire—Gaffney.

Boston Wins To the Earth with the Phillies.

Boston, Mass., June 24.—[Special.]—Clarkson pitched a fine game of ball under the dark sunday sky, and the Detroit muggins could not see, and in consequence the unearth losing to the eight-engine; a shame, and a crime, [illegible] to serve record, [illegible] to [illegible] had no [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] and